
Introducing the MPEG-H Audio Alliance's New Interactive and Immersive TV Audio System

Presentation at AES 137th Convention, Los Angeles

Robert Bleidt – October, 2014

Based on the new MPEG-H Audio Open International Standard
ISO/IEC23008-3

MPEG-H Audio improves the listening experience

- The newest audio codec from MPEG expands the features of today's codecs:
- Personalize the sound to what you want to hear
- Make surround sound more realistic
- Tailor reproduction to your listening environment and hardware

- And the technical stuff:
 - One stream to every device
 - Combine multiple streams for hybrid delivery
 - Audio I-Frames for easy DASH segmentation
 - Unsurpassed coding efficiency

MPEG-H Audio improves the listening experience

Personalize the sound to what you want to hear

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Personalize the sound to what you want to hear

- In addition to traditional channel-based audio, MPEG-H includes audio objects, sound elements that are transmitted separately to the decoder
- This allows the listener to adjust the elements to his liking
- Examples:
 - Simple case: Adjust the dialogue or commentary level in relation to the other audio elements such as ambient sound, music, or sound effects
 - Precursor 2011 Wimbledon “Grunt Controller” trials with BBC showed most listeners preferred either a higher or lower dialog level
 - Helpful for listeners with hearing loss or non-primary language or dialect
 - Additional language support becomes a simple matter of an additional 20-40 kb/s object

First practical use of objects: Dialogue Enhancement

Allows viewers to set their own Dialogue levels

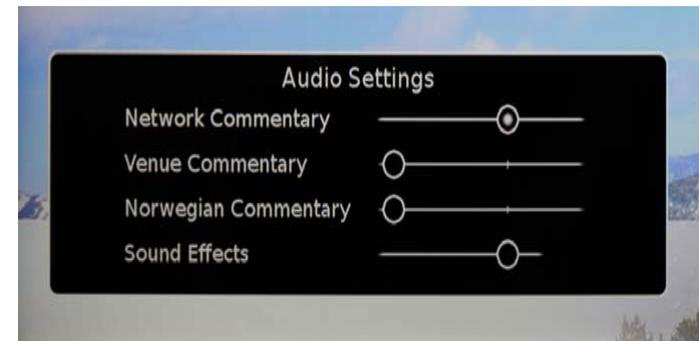
- User benefit
 - Dialogue/Announcer can be adjusted up or down
 - Helps hearing impaired understand Dialogue
 - Helps for listening in noisy environment
- Broadcaster benefit
 - One signal broadcast to all viewers
 - Default mix played by existing receivers
- Public test by BBC during the Tennis Grand Slam Championships 2011 in Wimbledon
- Now undergoing standardization in DVB



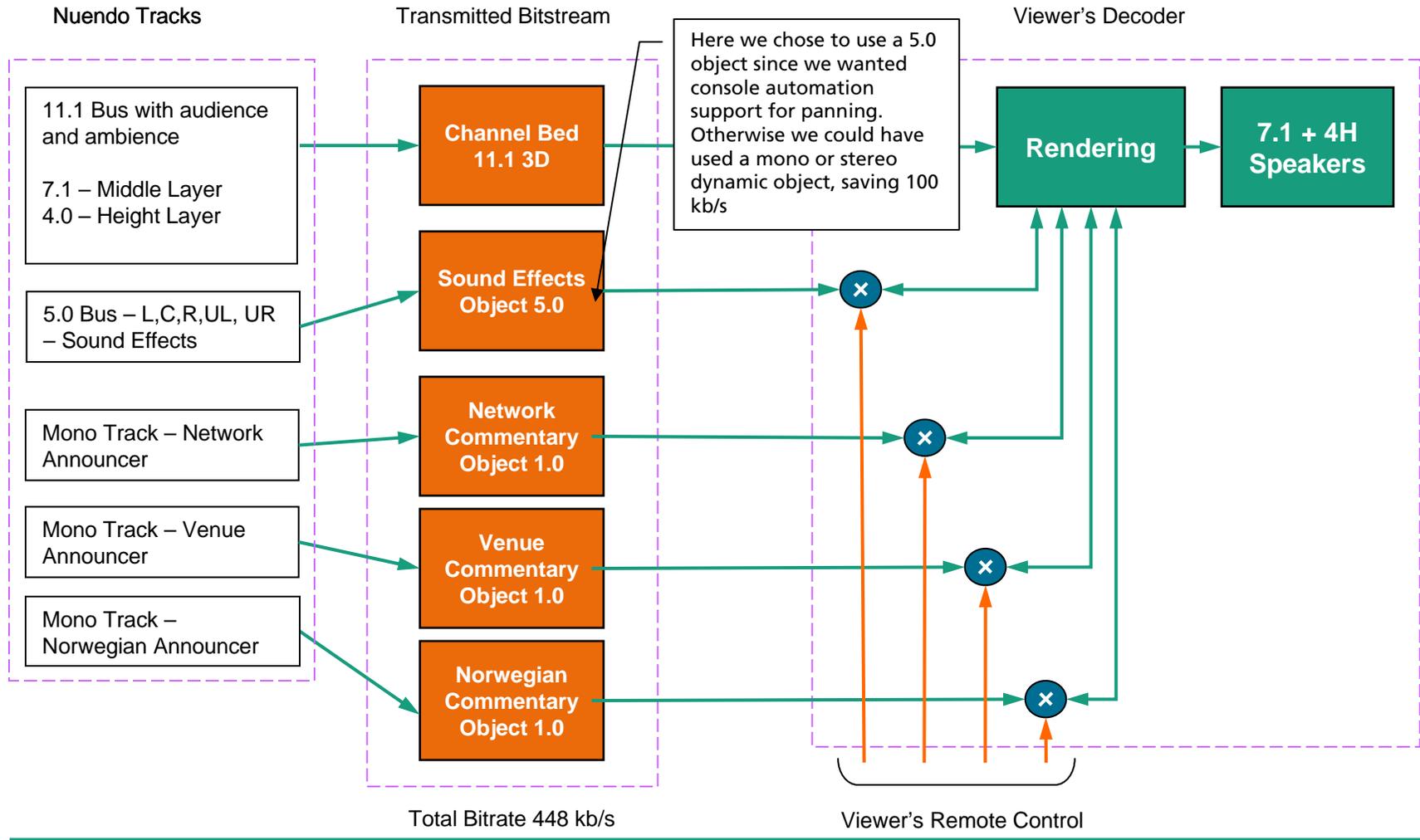
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Personalize the sound to what you want to hear

- More complex examples:
 - 2014 Field Test with leading U.S. sports network at winter sports event
 - Pick your announcer and language
 - Want to hear more sound effects?
More audience sounds?
 - Demo content from NASCAR race
 - Pick your announcer and language
 - Mix in driver's radio
 - Hear car sounds/transducers
- Real-time decoding and rendering
- User selects audio mix from on-screen display sliders or **preset buttons**



How we Used Objects in our Field Test Mix



MPEG-H Audio improves the listening experience

Personalize the sound to what you want to hear

- Summary: Personalization
- Audio objects allow listeners to:
 - Adjust elements in the sound mix to their liking
 - Boost dialogue for hearing-impaired or second language listeners
 - Listen to alternate audio content such as:
 - Home vs away team commentary
 - Driver to crew race audio
 - Alternate languages, simultaneous translation, or audio description
 - Many other future creative and revenue opportunities

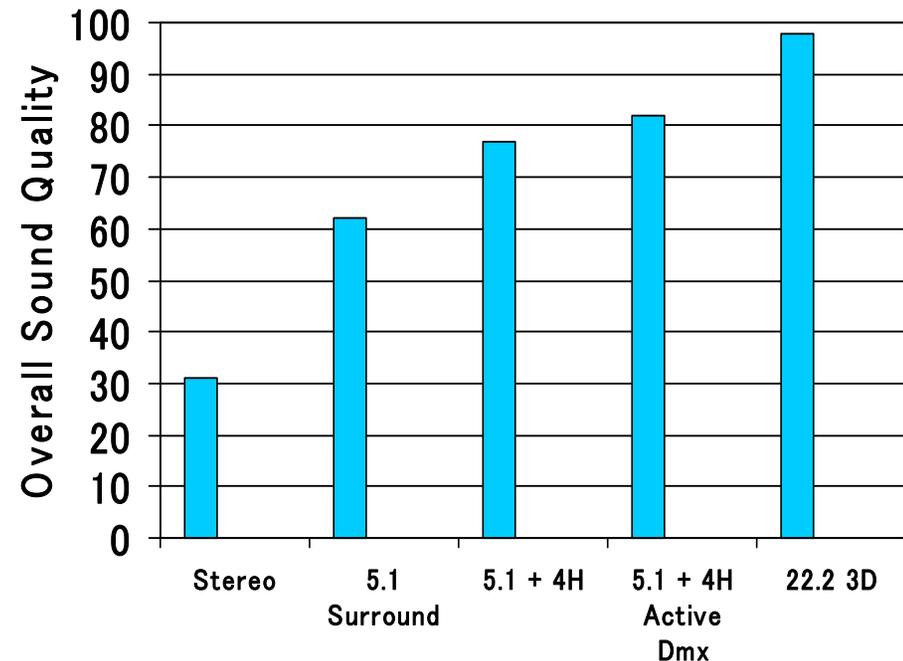
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Making surround sound more realistic

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Making surround sound more realistic

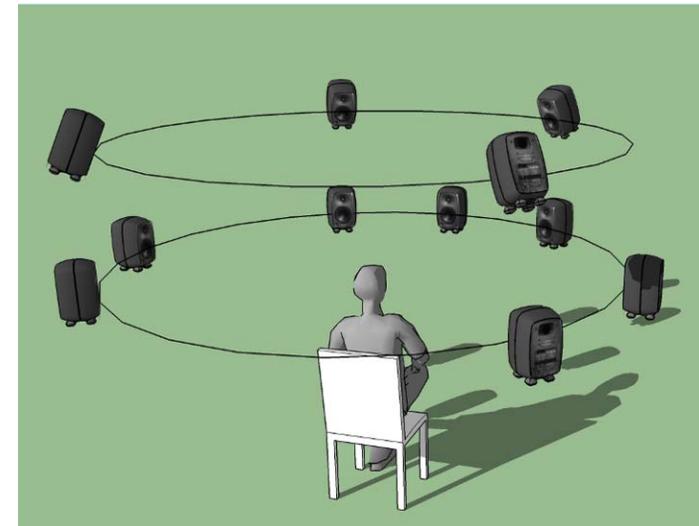
- 3D audio systems add height information (more channels or audio objects) to the sound field to improve realism
- It becomes difficult for the listener to perceive he is hearing a recording
- Our studies show adding **four height speakers** provides a substantial improvement without the 22 speakers of classical 3D systems



MPEG-H Audio improves the listening experience

Making surround sound more realistic

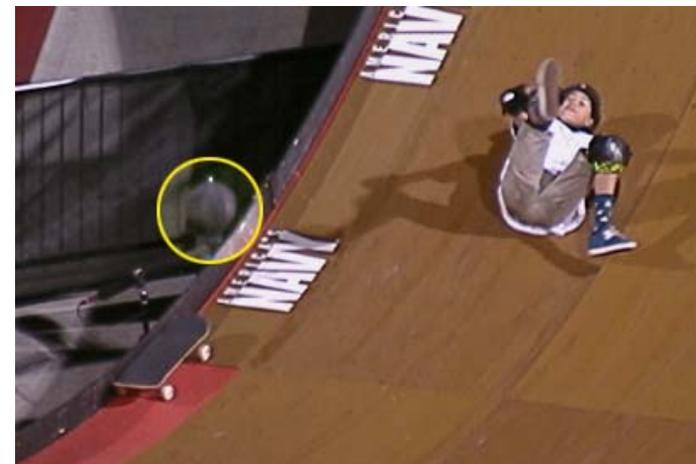
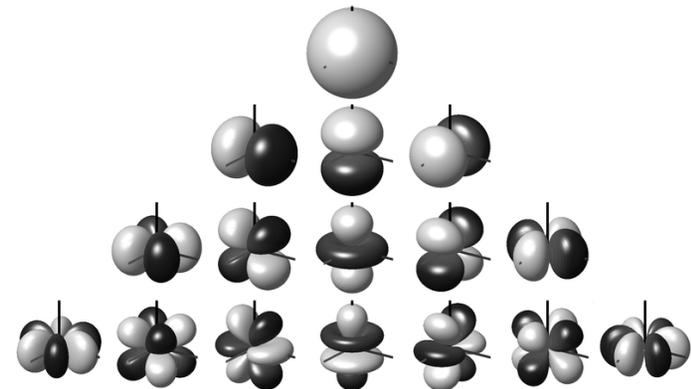
- MPEG-H currently has defined speaker configurations from 1.0 (mono) to 22.2
 - Bitstream support for up to 128 channels and 128 objects
- **Our recommendation for 3D sound:**
 - **7.1 Blu-ray surround configuration**
 - **4 Height Speakers above corner speakers as shown**
- Other configurations are possible, for example:
 - 5.1 + 4H
 - Using front wide 7.1 configuration or 9.1



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Making surround sound more realistic

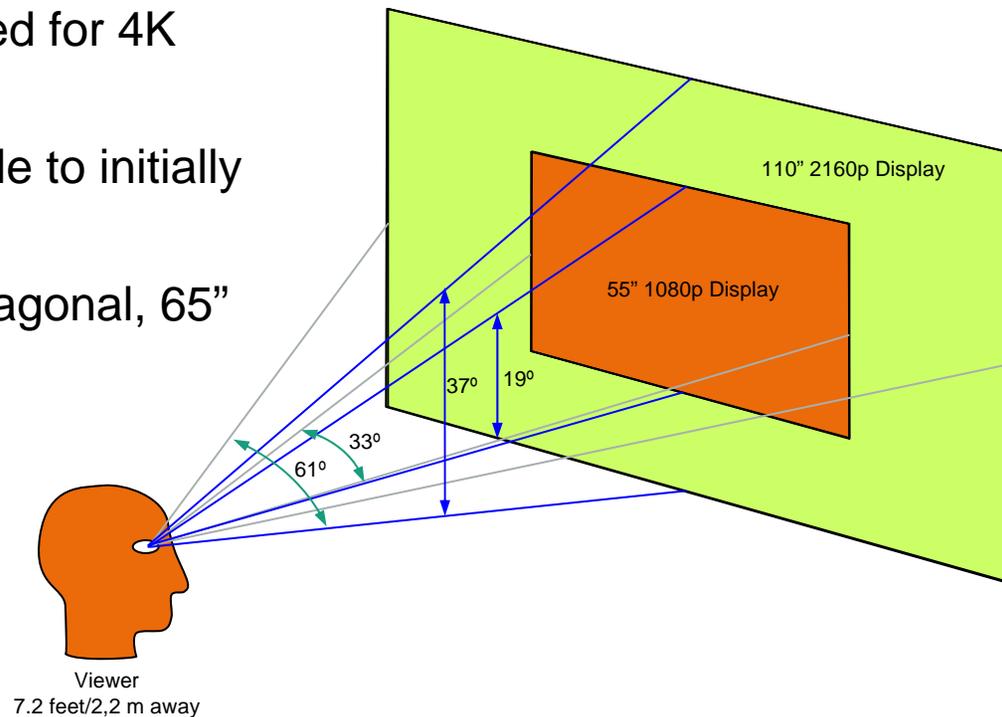
- MPEG-H includes sound field capture technology for alternative means of capturing and reproducing 3D sound
- Based on Higher-Order Ambisonics techniques
- Transmits predominant sounds and ambience in separate tracks, independent of speaker format
- Allows one-microphone capture of sound field or ambience
- As with channel-based system, may be combined with audio objects for interactivity or personalization



Recommended Vertical Viewing Angles Increase with 4K

System	1920 x 1080	3840 x 2160
Viewing distance (relative to picture height)	3.2	1.6
Viewing angle - horizontal (degrees)	31	58
Viewing angle - vertical (degrees)	18	35

- 1.6 PH viewing is recommended for 4K (BT.2022)
- (though consumers may be able to initially afford/accept only 2 PH)
- Setup note: 2 PH \approx screen diagonal, 65" away from 65" TV

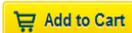
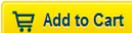
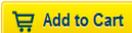


“The average consumer will never hear 3D, they listen to stereo today”

- It is true today’s consumers listen mainly on stereo in-TV speakers or with simple 2.0 or 2.1 soundbars
- 5.1 or 7.1 AVR + speaker systems aren’t seen as the logical match for that new sleek, slim flat-panel TV
- So why do 3D audio if most of the audience won’t hear it?
 - The same reason we do surround today – the high-value viewers will have 3D in their home theaters
 - Right?

Recommended For You



 <p>Samsung - 2.1-Channel Soundbar with Wireless Subwoofer \$299.99</p> <p></p>	 <p>Samsung - AudioBar 2.1-Channel Soundbar System with Wired \$179.99</p> <p></p>	 <p>Samsung - 2.1-Channel Soundbar System with Wireless Active Subwoofer \$1,299.99</p> <p></p>
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Fraunhofer demonstrates future 3D listening for mainstream consumers with prototype “3D Sound Bar”

- Concept demonstration of our vision of mass consumer delivery of 3D audio
- Décor-friendly – no external wires or speakers
- No confusing AVR setup menus – unbox, hang on wall, enjoy
- Could be integrated into TV or offered as a separate frame
- **Dramatic improvement over today’s stereo soundbars**
- Home theater enthusiasts will still want 11.1 speakers (or more) for ultimate sound quality
- Shown at the Fraunhofer IIS booth at NAB 2014, IBC 2014



MPEG-H Audio improves the listening experience

Making surround sound more realistic

- Summary: 3D Audio
- 3D provides a substantial increase in sound quality beyond surround sound
- Four height speakers provide a good tradeoff between cost and sound quality
- “3D sound bar” technology could be built into TVs or soundbars to enable a dramatic improvement in sound quality and immersive sound for the mainstream consumer
- Higher Order Ambisonics offers an alternative method of capturing and transmitting 3D sound

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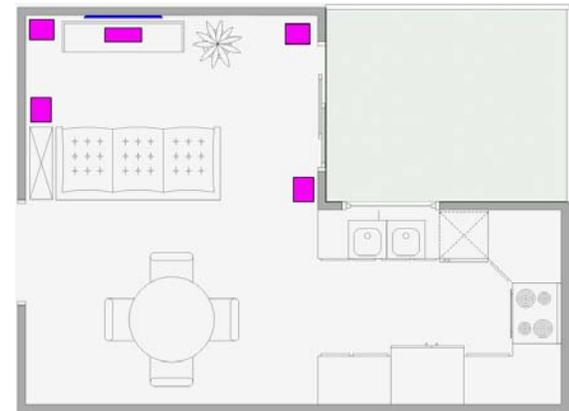
Tailor reproduction to your listening environment and hardware

- Multi-platform loudness control
 - Loudness measurement built into the encoder
 - Or use external values
 - Uses existing Dolby metadata in legacy mode
 - Adjustment of dynamic range to match listening environment and device capabilities
 - Examples:
 - Home listening on good speakers
 - Listening on earbuds at airport on mobile phone
 - Listening at home on tablet

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Tailor reproduction to your listening environment and hardware

- Speaker-foolproof rendering for legacy speakers
 - May be able to correct for misplaced speakers in consumer's home
 - HDMI 2.0 will allow communication of consumer's installed speaker locations
 - May offer a limited impression of height on existing 5.1 or 2.0 consumer speakers
- Binaural rendering for headphone reproduction
 - Listener perceives sound stage in front of him, instead of between his ears
 - May be extended to tablet speakers with Fraunhofer Cingo technology



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The Technical Stuff

A Brief introduction to some selected
MPEG-H concepts and features

MPEG-H offers the best coding efficiency available today

- Includes a highly efficient new audio codec to enable true 3D Audio transmission in broadcasting and streaming:

Bitrates in kb/s for:	Good	Recommended	Transparent
22.2 Channels	256	512	1200
7.1 + 4 Height Channels + 4 Objects	200	384	800
5.1 Channels	96	160	256
2.0 Channels	32	56	160

- Includes the unified Fraunhofer/VoiceAge improved speech codec and new spatial coding techniques
 - Better speech quality at low bitrates
 - Improved stereo and multichannel imaging
 - Improved coding efficiency

Combining streams in the decoder

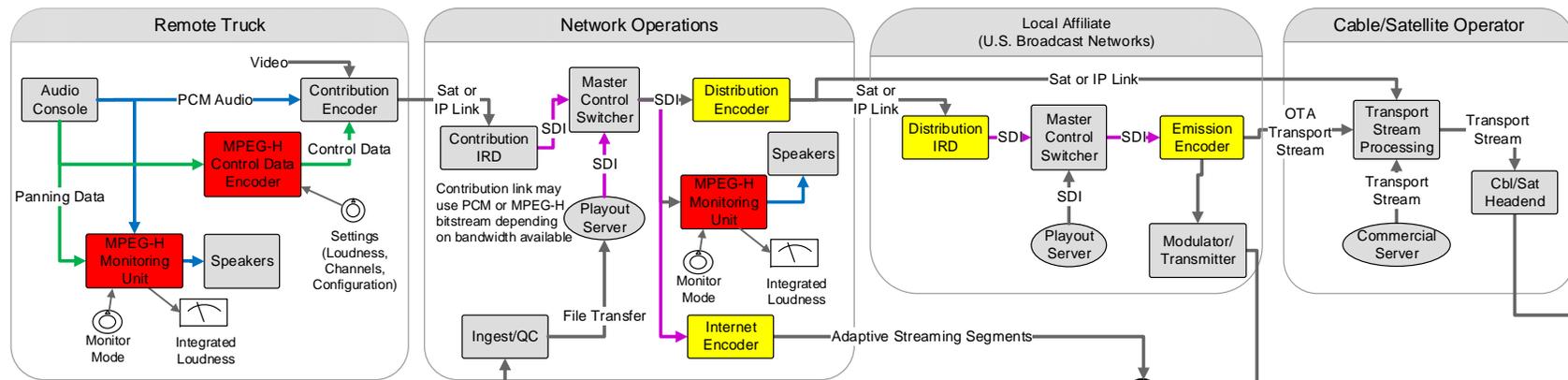
- In MPEG-H, objects may be delivered over disparate networks and supplied to the decoder separately
- Enables broadcast TV delivery of main content, with alternative or auxiliary content delivery over the Internet, for example
- Effectively, late binding in the MPEG-H decoder

Implementing MPEG-H in TV Broadcasting

Easy four-stage process as individual broadcasters desire

Developing a TV Audio System Based on MPEG-H

- The MPEG-H Audio Alliance is developing a practical TV audio system based on the MPEG-H standard
- Includes not just audio coding, but a complete end-to-end system for content production, transmission and consumer delivery
- We propose a four-stage process for implementation by broadcasters:
 - From the start, consumer decoders will support all features of our system
 - Broadcasters can choose what features to use and when to implement them



Stage 1 – today's surround with current practices

- Replace AC-3 encoders with MPEG-H encoders
- (likely simultaneous with replacing MPEG-2 video encoders with HEVC or SHVC)
- Benefits:
 - Same audio quality with half the bitrate of AC-3
 - Similar operational practices using traditional loudness dialnorm and compressor profiles of AC-3
 - Automatic loudness profiles generated for mobile or tablet delivery

Stage 2 – Add objects for consumer choice of audio elements

- Primary language dialogue (for Dialogue Enhancement – consumer adjustment of dialogue level)
- Second or third language dialogue
- Audio Description / Visually Impaired
- Home vs. Away team announcer
- Driver – Pit Crew radio
- Athlete's playlist?
- Sound Effects
- Mono objects require at 20-40 kb/s each
- Objects can be programmed individually or in presets or groups
- Requires additional channels in TV plant for objects

Stage 3 – Adding Immersive Sound

- Add practical immersive audio – perhaps 5.1 or 7.1 + 4 height channels
- Increasing the realism of the audio image to create the “you’re in the scene or at the event” experience.
- May use Channels-based or HOA-based immersive sound bed + audio objects
- Requires four additional audio channels in TV plant for height channels
- System supports audio up to 128 channels, configurations to 22.2 defined in standard.

Stage 4 – Adding Dynamic Objects

- Dynamic Objects – change position over time as specified by control data in bitstream
- Interesting not only for feature film or episodic drama, but for effects in sports broadcasting and other genres
- Requires transmission of control data through broadcast plant to final emission encoder
 - We'll have a future paper on that...

Progress with MPEG-H continues

- MPEG Standard at DIS stage
 - Final International Standard expected in January
- Being considered for upcoming ATSC 3.0 and DVB TV standards
- Pioneering experiments in sports broadcasting and other media to test production with MPEG-H's new features
- Visit the Fraunhofer's AES listening room on the show floor to learn more:
Booth 1509
- Or go to www.iis.fraunhofer.de/tv audio or www.mpeg haa.com



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